

# MYP AGAR BASE (PHENOL RED EGG YOLK POLYMYXIN AGAR BASE) TM 197

For isolation and identification of pathogenic Staphylococci and Bacillus species

## Composition

Ingredients	Gms/Ltr.
Agar	15.00
Peptic digest of animal tissue	10.00
D-Mannitol	10.00
Sodium chloride	10.00
Meat extract	1.00
Phenol red	0.025

<sup>\*</sup> Dehydrated powder, hygroscopic in nature, store in a

dry place in tightly-sealed containers 25°C and protected from direct Sunlight.

## **Instructions for Use**

Dissolve 46gms in 900ml of distilled water. Gently heat to boiling with gentle swirling and dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize at 15psi (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 40 - 45°C and aseptically add POLYMYXIN B SELECTIVE SUPPLEMENT (TS 058) to a final concentration of 100 ml. Add EGG YOLK EMULSION (TS 002) per 1000ml of medium. Mix well and pour into Petri plates.

**Appearance:** Red colored, clear to slightly opalescent gel. With the addition of Egg Yolk Emulsion, a light orange colored opaque gel forms in the Petri plates. **pH** (at  $25^{\circ}$ C):  $7.1 \pm 0.2$ 

# Principle

MYP AGAR BASE (PHENOL RED EGG YOLK POLYMYXIN AGAR BASE) is used for the isolation and identification of pathogenic Staphylococci and *Bacillus* species Medium contains Peptic digest of animal tissue which supply nitrogen. Mannitol fermentation can be detected with Phenol red, which results in a yellow color being present in the mannitol fermenting colonies. Sodium chloride provides the essential electrolytes in the medium. Agar is a solidifying agent. Egg Yolk Emulsion helps in the differentiation of lecithinase producing colonies, which are surrounded by a zone of white precipitate. The addition of polymyxin B supplement helps to restrict growth of gram negative bacteria.

## Interpretation

Cultural characteristics observed after inoculating ( $10^3$ CFU/ml), on incubation at 35 ± 2°C for 18 - 40 hours.

Microorganisms	ATCC	Inoculum (CFU/ml)	Growth	Apperance of colony	Lecithinase activity (+ = haloes around the colonies)
Bacillus subtilis	6633	103	Good	Yellow	Negative
Bacillus cereus	10876	$10^{3}$	Good	Red	Positive
Staphylococcus aureus	25923	$10^{3}$	Good	Yellow	Positive
Escherichia coli	25922	$10^{3}$	Fair		

#### References

1. Mossel, D.A. A., et al., Appl. Microbiol. 15,650. (1967).

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## PRODUCT DATA SHEET

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- 4. MacFaddin, J Media for Isolation-Cultivation-Identification-Maintenance of Medical Bacteria Baltimore. (1985).

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